





Food Networking – Promoting local food access and availability









Welcome

Eric Baijal

Joint Director of Public Health

NHS Borders and Scottish Borders Council

Programme



Borders

10:00

10:30

10:45

11:00

12.00

12.30

13.15

13.30

13.45

14.45

15.00

Registration and marketplace

Welcome and introductions

Expectations

Celebrating our local food activity

Reflections on local showcasing

Networking lunch and marketplace

Mapping exercise

Balancing all sides presentation

Interactive discussion groups

Summing up and next steps

Thank you



Aim



 To hold a food networking event which will bring together those who have a role across the food chain with a focus on access and availability of local food in the Scottish Borders.





Objectives



- To build local awareness of the range and nature of local food activity and local assets.
- To develop links and showcase practice between food and health activity and the support available.
- To recognise that Health Improvement, Economic Development and Environmental Sustainability are interconnected.
- To increase awareness of the support that is available locally and nationally including Community Food & Health (Scotland) and the Food & Health Alliance







Allyson McCollam

Joint Head of Health Improvement
NHS Borders and Scottish Borders
Council



community food and health

(scotland)

Geraldine O'Riordan
Development Officer
(Engagement)

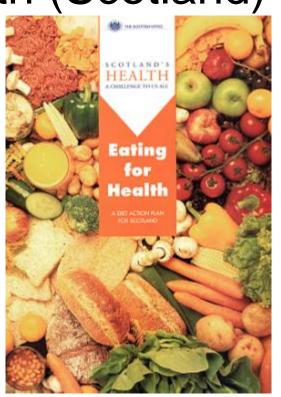


Community Food and Health (Scotland)



Established in 1996 as the result of a recommendation in the 'Scottish Diet Action Plan. Tackles the 4 main barriers to access to, and take up of a healthy balanced diet:

- Affordability
- Availability
- Culture
- •Skills



www.scotland.gov.uk/library/do cuments/diet-00.htm













How?

- Networking conference, seminars, roundtable discussions and training sessions
- Produce reports, guides and toolkits on community activity
- Annual small grants scheme/ targeted funds
- Quarterly newsletters
- Website

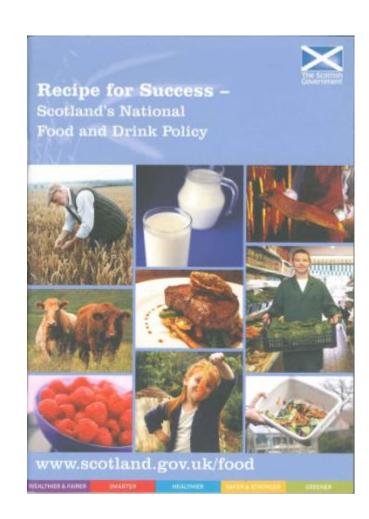
All resources and events are free of charge

Obesity Route Map – Action Plan

Version 1.0



Improving Maternal and Infant Nutrition: A Framework for Action





community food and health

(scotland)

www.communityfoodandhealth.org.uk



Frances Birch



NHS Health Scotland

- NHS Health Scotland is the national agency for improving the health of the Scottish population.
- It is a Special Health Board in NHS Scotland.
- Work covers every aspect of health improvement, from gathering evidence, to planning, delivery and evaluation, and spans the range of health topics, settings and life stages.
- For information, visit: www.healthscotland.com

- Supports the Food and Health workforce;
- Membership of over 700;
- Events;
- E-communications;
- Opportunity to network and share practice;



- The Food and Health Alliance (FHA) is a network of stakeholders interested in food and health issues.
- The Alliance is set up in order to support the workforce working in food and health achieve their outcomes and share information.





Function of the Alliance

- connect people to information
- connect people with each other
- connect people to policy



www.fhascot.org.uk frances.birch@nhs.net









Expectations of the day

Ger O'Riordan





Celebrating local food activity

Jo Highet – Borders Healthy Living Network

Gary White – Tweedgreen Challenge

Pete Richie – Breadshare Community Bakery

Jo Highet – Borders Healthy Living Network









Food Networking Event Promoting Local Food Access and Availability 1st May 2012

Borders Healthy Living Network 'Community Led Food Production'

Jo Highet
Health Improvement Specialist - HLN
NHS Borders



Introduction



HLN established 2003

5 x Localities

• Community Development Walkerburn

Partnership Working

Virtual 'Network' of activity

Mainstreamed





Current Situation



Staffing

- 4 x Health Improvement Specialists
- 1 x Food and Health Development Worker
- 1 x Project Assistant
- 1 x Administrator
- Sessional Staff and CHV's

Aims of HLN

- To reduce health inequalities
- To increase community capacity for health



Process



- Needs Assessment
- Partnerships
- Core HI Programmes
- Identification of Key Themes: Food & Health, Physical Activity, Parenting, CHV's, Training



Context



- Equally Well
- The Early Years Framework
- Achieving Our Potential
- The Single Outcome Agreement
- A Route Map Towards Healthy Weight
- Heat 3
- Curriculum for Excellence





Results



What Do We Have?

- Programmes that Meet Need
- Participants Who Engage Voluntarily
- Barriers to Participation Addressed
- Local Involvement

What Does Our Evaluation Tell Us?

- Increased Knowledge, skills & changes in behaviour
- Discussion of Health Issues & Health Benefits
- Subjective improvements in physical and emotional well-being



Food Production



- 2 x Localities
- Health Benefits
- Social Aspect
- Partnership Working
- Participatory Appraisal Techniques









Walkerburn



- Criminal Justice Partnership
- CHV's
- Food & Health Research
- Local Steering Group
- Partnerships & Climate Challenge Fund
- Allotment Project & Community Garden











Bannerfield



Needs Assessment

- Participatory Appraisal Techniques
- What were the community interested in?
 - 'Gardening Sessions'
- Needs Assessment What did people want?
 - 'To Save Money'
- Practical Sessions
- Results



Participatory Appraisal Exercise



'Participatory Appraisal is a family of methods, techniques and tools used to help people share ideas, analyse information, plan and act together' (Chambers, 1994)







Future Work

- Continue to work in partnership, develop new partnerships with 3rd sector and other statutory/community partners
- Build on success of existing programmes and identify additional opportunities for similar work
- Consult with communities re food and health needs
- Priority focus on reducing poverty



Questions

?

Gary White – Tweedgreen Challenge





Pete Richie – Breadshare Community Bakery

Breadshare Bakery

Good bread for all

What's interesting about Breadshare?

- We're a community interest company which has raised all the money to get started from its local members
- We make sourdoughs and slow-fermented bread which is easier to digest
- We're organic, and we're using local wheat
- We have four different routes to market
- We're replicable, educational, becoming sustainable

...and we do make exceedingly good bread



Discussion Groups



 What have you heard about this morning that is significant to you?

 What are the links between the work/communities you are involved in and the work you are hearing from others today?











Networking Lunch and marketplace





Mapping exercise

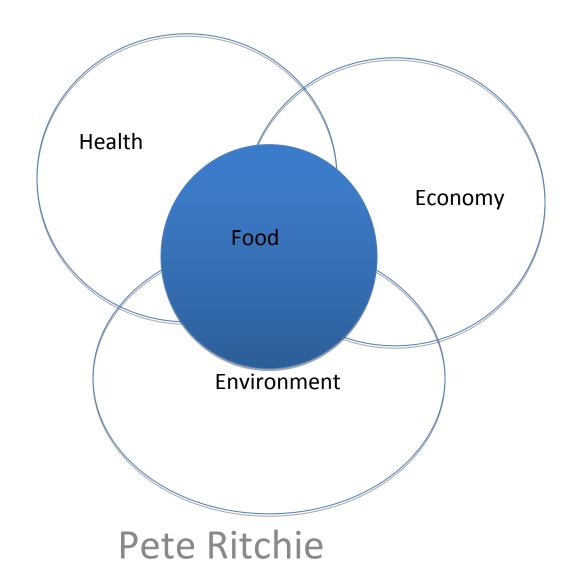
- Write down your organisation's name, who they work with, where and what kind of activities they are involved in in relation to food
- Write down organisations you link with
- Draw lines to demonstrate links



Balancing all sides – Health, Economy and Environment

Pete Richie – Nourish/Whitmuir Organics Ltd

Scotland's Sustainable Local Food Network



What's the health problem we're trying to solve?

- UK fattest in Europe, Scotland fattest in UK –
 28% adults obese
- 240 litres soft drinks per year highest in Europe
- 22% adults, 12% children eat five a day
- Not enough bread, fish, cereals
- 39% total energy intake from fat
- We live 4 years less than EU average

What's the economy problem we're trying to solve?

- Food and drink large part of Scottish economy
- But 7 out of 8 farms not viable without subsidy, GVA from agriculture falling, farmgate share of food price low
- In Scottish Borders, 1381 farms employ on average one person (incl p/t and seasonal) per 250 acres
- Subsidy not linked to public goods, employment or local economic multiplier but drives up land prices
- Multiple retailer dominance (Tesco+Asda =52% all food sales) shuts out village shops and short supply chains, drives monoculture, large livestock units
- Cheapest, quickest calories least beneficial

What's the environment problem we're trying to solve?

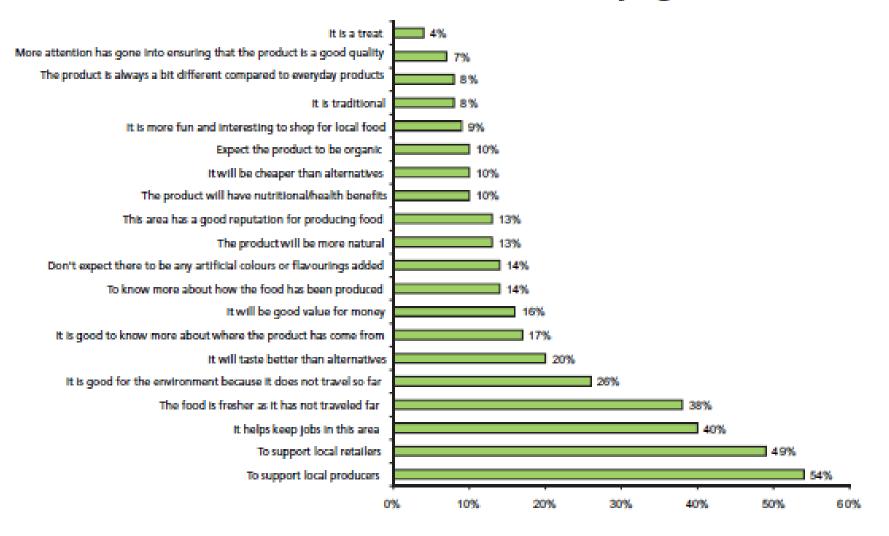
- Food accounts for 25-30% of our greenhouse gas emissions
- Nitrogen pollution alone costs each person in the EU €150-700 per year
- Loss of biodiversity (eg species-rich grassland, bees)

What would better look like?

- More, more agroecological and more diverse farms, orchards, market gardens
- More local added value, more connections between farms and communities
- Thriving market towns selling distinctive local food, food co-ops, short supply chains
- Public food 90% organic, 75% local
- Less and better (grass-fed) meat, kinder milk
- Less sugar, fat and processed food in diet

Think local?

Chart 5.11 Scottish consumers reasons for buying local food, 2010



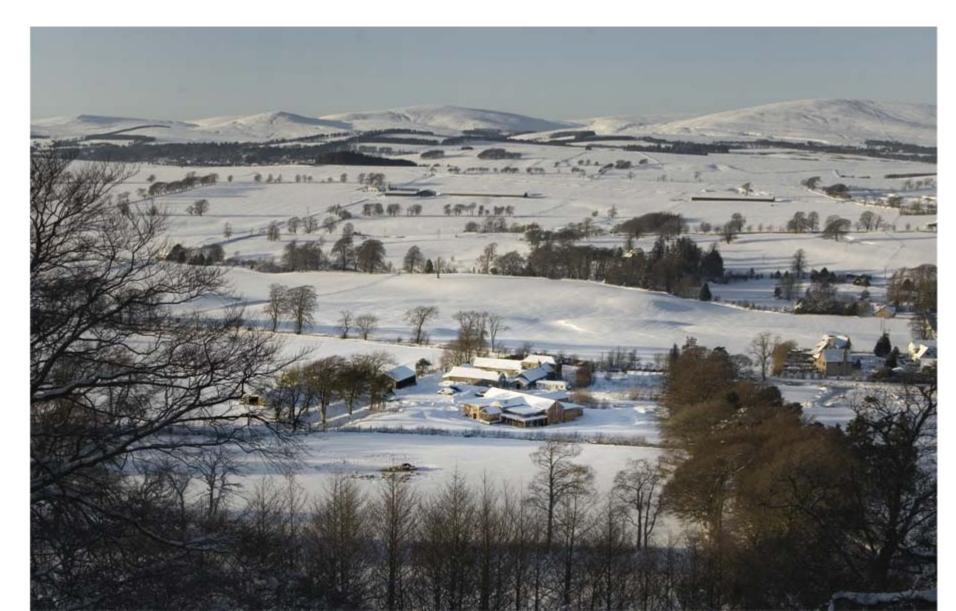
Nourish

Changing what we eat Changing how we farm Changing local food economies

Ten years work – where to start?

- Don't underestimate depth of change needed
- Establish cross-sectoral leadership group in Borders, develop local sustainable food plan
- Build the movement young families, older people, NGOs, public sector, community groups, workplaces - not just children
- Use CAP reform creatively landscape level biodiversity, agroecological farming, short supply chains, agritourism
- Procure organic and local food
- Support community gardens, food groups, community supported agriculture
- Revive village shops with local organic food

Whitmuir CSA



280 households supporting farm



Diverse production









Conclusions

Scotland needs a generation's work to reconnect

food, land, people and health

The organic movement should be at the heart of this but must make new alliances

Discussion Groups

- How could local food connections be developed/improved, supported and promoted using resources/assets already available?
- What are the opportunities/challenges?

Who needs to be on board?

Next Steps

Allyson McCollam







Thank you very much



